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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|----------------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 10/840,129 | 05/05/2004 | Raymond Heidel | 41286-00036 | 7232 |
| 7590 07/18/2006 | | | EXAMINER | |
| Sung I. Oh | | | SHAPIRO, JEFFERY A | |
| Squire, Sanders & Dempsey | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| 801 S. Figueroa | | | 3653 | |
| Los Angeles, CA 90017-5554 | | | DATE MAILED: 07/18/2006 | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | [AP4-] | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
| | 10/840,129 | HEIDEL, RAYMOND | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | Jeffrey A. Shapiro | 3653 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap | opears on the cover sheet with the | correspondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro te. cause the application to become ABANDON | timely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26. | April 2006. | | | | | |
| , | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>26-30</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>26-30</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ | or election requirement. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | |
| 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E | Examiner. Note the attached Οπίσ | ce Action of form PTO-152. | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents application from the International Bures * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | nts have been received. Ints have been received in Applicationity documents have been received au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | ation No ived in this National Stage | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | | | | | | |
| Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 5) 🗆 N. C. (1) (5 | I Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/26/06 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 26-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katou et al (US 2004/0182677A1) in view of Tedesco (US 2002/0065579A1).

As described in Claims 26-30, Katou et al discloses a note validator (30), a validator processor (35) with memory (107d), a note box (60, 80 and 81), a temporary storage hopper (40), a transportation unit (501a-h), (502a-b), (503a-c), (504), (901a-e), (902a-e) and (903a-e), the notes being sent through validator (30) in either direction (501b). Note that the deposit/withdrawal port (20) can be construed as the validator opening, with the entire structure (1) being construed as the validator. Note also that bill discrimination unit (30) can be construed as inherently sensing actual bill pattern

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information for comparison with template patterns stored in memory (107d) and as inherently determining the value of bills detected as received and dispensed by the apparatus.

Katou does not expressly disclose, but Tedesco discloses a vending machine embodied as an automated teller machine (ATM). See Tedesco paragraph 60 and figure 2.

Both Katou and Tedesco are analogous art because they both concern currency handling, including paper money handling.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have embodied Katou's ATM as a combination ATM/vending machine that dispenses snacks and goods as well as handles bank transactions.

The suggestion/motivation to do so would have been to make profits at an ATM point of sale, as suggested by Tedesco's teaching and disclosure. See Tedesco paragraph 60 and figure 2. One ordinarily skilled in the art would have recognized the benefit of combining an ATM and vending machine because customers obtaining money at the ATM may be more willing to make impulsive purchases, thereby resulting in increased sales of vended goods as compared to a free-standing vending machine.

4. Claims 26-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Graef et al (US 6,315,194 B1) in view of Paulucci et al (US 2002/0004690 A1).

As described in Claims 26-30, Graef et al discloses a note validator (72 and 258), a validator processor (254) with memory (256) (see also Graef col. 6, lines 10-25), a note

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box (30, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40), of which any of said note boxes can be used as a temporary storage hopper, a transportation unit (17, 192, 285) (see also figures 12-15), the notes being sent through validator (72 or 258) in either direction. Note that the deposit/withdrawal port (20) can be construed as the validator opening, with the entire structure (10) being construed as the validator. Note also that bill discrimination/validator unit (72 and 258) can be construed as inherently sensing actual bill pattern information for comparison with template patterns stored in memory such as (256) and as inherently determining the value of bills detected as received and dispensed by the apparatus. See also Graef, col. 14, lines 11-55.

Graef does not expressly disclose, but Paulucci discloses a vending machine embodied as an automated teller machine (ATM). See Paulucci paragraphs 80-83 and figures 5 and 7. Note that paragraph 83 refers to an ATM controlling a vending device (72) through processor/control software (70,72).

Both Graef and Paulucci are analogous art because they both concern currency handling, including paper money handling.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have embodied Graef's ATM as a combination ATM/vending machine that dispenses snacks and goods as well as handles bank transactions.

The suggestion/motivation to do so would have been to make profits at an ATM point of sale, as suggested by Paulucci's teaching and disclosure. See Paulucci paragraphs 80-83 and figures 5 and 7. One ordinarily skilled in the art would have recognized the benefit of combining an ATM and vending machine because customers obtaining

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money at the ATM may be more willing to make impulsive purchases, thereby resulting in increased sales of vended goods as compared to a free-standing vending machine.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to Claims 26-30 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

As described above, both Tedesco and Paulucci describe combing an ATM with a vending machine. It is therefore follows that it would have been obvious to combine Katou's ATM and bill path devices with Tedesco's vending machine or to combine Graef's ATM and bill path devices with Paulucci's vending machine.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey A. Shapiro whose telephone number is (571)272-6943. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:00 AM-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gene O. Crawford can be reached on (571)272-6911. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JAS

July 8, 2006

GENE OCRAWFORD